



## Independent Auditors Report

To,  
**The Members of Axis Crop Science Private Limited.**

### Report on the IND AS Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the IND AS financial statements of **Axis Crop Science Private Limited – CIN U01100MH2009PTC189472** (“the Company”), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended on that date and summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as “IND AS financial statements”).

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid IND AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, (“Ind AS”) and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024 and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the IND AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI’s Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

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### **Material uncertainty related to Going Concern**

The Company had accumulated losses and its net worth has turned positive on account of support by the Holding Company for its future cashflow requirements. Further, during the current year, the Company has made cash profit. Accordingly, the IND AS financial statement of the Company has been prepared on a going concern basis.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

### **Key Audit Matters**

We have determined that there are no other key audit matters to communicate in our report beyond matter addressed in the Material uncertainty related to Going Concern section of our report.

### **Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the "Annual Report", but does not include the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these IND AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the IND AS financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the IND AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the IND AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SA's, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the IND AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the IND AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the IND AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the IND AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all

relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company and its joint operation companies so far as it appears from our examination of those books
  - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - e) The matter described in the Material uncertainty related to Going Concern section above, in our opinion, may have an adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
  - f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
  - g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in “Annexure A”.
  - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company has no pending litigations which would impact its financial position in its financial statements.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv.
  - (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
  - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

- vi. As stated in Note 38 of the financial statements and based on our examinations which included test checks the Company in respect of the financial year commencing on 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023 has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all the relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with.
2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

**For Kshitij Shah & Associates**

**(Chartered Accountants)**

**Firm Regn. No. 0138439W**

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by KSHITIJ  
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**Kshitij S. Shah**

**Proprietor**

**M. No. 144663**

**UDIN: 24144663BKFROJ6306**

**Place: Mumbai**

**Date: 26<sup>th</sup> April, 2024**



**ANNEXURE “A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT**

**(Referred to in paragraph 1(g) under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)**

**Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)**

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Axis Crop Science Private Limited (“the Company”) as of 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the IND AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

**Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls**

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

**Auditor’s Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance

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about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### **Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting**

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that:

- 1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- 2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- 3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024 based on the criteria for internal financial control over financial reporting established by the respective Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India”.

**For Kshitij Shah & Associates**

**(Chartered Accountants)**

**Firm Regn. No. 0138439W**

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by KSHITIJ  
SHRIPAL SHAH

**Kshitij S. Shah**

**Proprietor**

**M. No. 144663**

**UDIN: 24144663BKFROJ6306**

**Place: Mumbai**

**Date: 26<sup>th</sup> April, 2024**



**ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

To the best of our information and according to the explanations provided to us by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, we state that:

**(i) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:**

- a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment and relevant details use of right-of-use assets.
- b) The Company has a program of verification of Property, Plant and Equipment and right-of-use assets to cover all the items in a phased manner over a period of three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were physically verified by the Management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c) Based on our examination of the property tax receipts and lease agreement for land on which building is constructed, registered sale deed / transfer deed / conveyance deed provided to us, we report that, the title in respect of self-constructed buildings and title deeds of all other immovable properties (other than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in the financial statements included under Property, Plant and Equipment are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
- d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets during the year.
- e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

**(ii) In respect of its inventories:**

- (a) As explained to us, the inventories were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals.

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- (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the procedures of physical verification of inventories followed by the Management were reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
  - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has maintained proper records of its inventories and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iii)** The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to any parties covered in the Register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraph (iii) (b) & (c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company in respect of repayment of the principal amount.
- (iv)** In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- (v)** The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi)** The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under the section 148(1) of the Act, for the business activities carried out by the Company. Thus, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vii) In respect of Statutory Dues:**
- (a) According to the information and explanation given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues provident fund, income tax, sales tax, value tax, duty of customs, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, sales tax, value tax, duty of customs, service tax, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (c) Details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2024 on account of disputes are given below:

Nature of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Forum where the dispute is pending	Period to which the amount relates	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
Sales Tax Act and VAT Laws	Gujarat VAT	Appellate Authority upto Commissioner level	FY 2015-2016	1.38

- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (ix)
- a. The company does not have any loans and borrowings from any financial institution, banks, government or debenture holders during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(ix) (a) of the order is not applicable.
  - b. The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - c. The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix) (c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - d. On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - e. On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.
  - f. The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause 3(ix) (f) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x)
- a. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - b. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

- (xi) a. No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.

b. No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.

c. We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report), while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to applicable transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) Internal audit is not applicable to the Company and hence reporting under clause (xiv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xv) In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) The company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank Of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that

all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) There are no unspent amounts towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) on other than ongoing projects requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act in compliance with second proviso to sub-section (5) of Section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- (xxi) Reporting under clause (xxi) of the Order is not applicable as the financials of the Company are and not consolidated financial statements.

**For Kshitij Shah & Associates**

**(Chartered Accountants)**

**Firm Regn. No. 0138439W**

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SHRIPAL SHAH

**Kshitij S. Shah**

**Proprietor**

**M. No. 144663**

**UDIN: 24144663BKFROJ6306**

**Place: Mumbai**

**Date: 26<sup>th</sup> April, 2024**



**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**CIN: U01100MH2009PTC189472**  
**STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024**

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
<b>Income:</b>			
Revenue from operations (net)	17	851.90	1,056.81
Other income	18	30.54	39.57
<b>Total income</b>		<b>882.44</b>	<b>1,096.38</b>
<b>Expenses:</b>			
Purchase of traded goods		717.41	851.03
Change in inventories of traded goods	19	(87.77)	(80.97)
Employee benefits expenses	20	125.16	118.40
Finance costs	21	9.59	10.77
Depreciation and amortization expenses	22	0.06	0.06
Other expenses	23	64.83	77.78
<b>Total expense</b>		<b>829.28</b>	<b>977.07</b>
<b>Profit / (loss) before tax</b>		<b>53.16</b>	<b>119.31</b>
<b>Tax expenses:</b>			
Current tax		-	-
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier periods		-	(5.31)
Deferred tax		-	-
<b>Total tax expense</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>(5.31)</b>
<b>Profit / (loss) after tax</b>		<b>53.16</b>	<b>124.62</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income (net of tax)</b>			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability / asset	26	0.72	1.96
<b>Total comprehensive income (comprising profit (loss) and other comprehensive Income)</b>		<b>53.88</b>	<b>126.58</b>
<b>Earnings per equity share</b>			
Face value per share (Rs.)	24	10.00	10.00
Basic and diluted earnings per equity share (Rs. Per share)		1.06	2.49
<b>Summary of material accounting policies</b>	<b>2.3</b>		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date  
**For Kshitij Shah & Associates**  
 Firm Registration No.0138439W  
 Chartered Accountants

KSHITIJ  
 SHRIPAL SHAH

Digitally signed  
 by KSHITIJ  
 SHRIPAL SHAH

**Kshitij Shah**  
 Proprietor  
 Membership Number - 144663

Place: Mumbai  
 Date: 26th April, 2024

**For AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**

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 st=Maharashtra, street=Pleasant Park, Flat No-501, Plot  
 No-461 Bandra West, Mumbai Maharashtra India-  
 400050 - Opposite St. Theresa Church, title=5011,  
 2.5.4.20=01a08ab973301131779c0b792ef508450e1c7e94b187  
 Ocde392de86394ac3795,  
 serialNumber=87a216501324105ac28556619d822cc05b4a96  
 ba692c034ad031c033ef0e9f60, email=rvb@shardaintl.com,  
 cn=Ramprakash Vilasrai Bubna

**R. V. Bubna**  
 Director  
 DIN: 00136568

Place: Mumbai  
 Date: 26th April, 2024

Digitally signed by Ashish Ramprakash Bubna  
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 st=Maharashtra, street=Pleasant Park, Flat No-501, Plot  
 No-461 Bandra West, Mumbai, Mumbai Maharashtra India-  
 400050 - Opposite St. Theresa Church, title=4454,  
 2.5.4.20=acc3ae0e655863f17ad67d0b6955626cbbab9d3a0  
 40bc7f06311ecabf544e,  
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 79ec511cd9b9ac57bd7f6990a,  
 email=accounts@shardaintl.com, cn=Ashish Ramprakash  
 Bubna

**Ashish R. Bubna**  
 Director  
 DIN: 00945147

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**CIN: U01100MH2009PTC189472**  
**CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024**

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Cash flow from operating activities</b>		
Profit / (loss) before tax from continuing operations	53.16	119.31
<b>Profit / (loss) before tax</b>	<b>53.16</b>	<b>119.31</b>
<b>Non-cash adjustment/ Non Operating Exp to reconcile profit before tax to net cash flows</b>		
Depreciation / amortization on continuing operation	0.06	0.06
Deposit with Bank	0.15	-
Provision for gratuity	4.81	4.55
Bad debts	4.36	12.46
Interest expense	9.59	10.77
Interest income	-	(0.01)
<b>Operating profit before working capital changes</b>	<b>72.13</b>	<b>147.14</b>
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	(36.74)	111.01
Increase / (decrease) in other financial liabilities	2.61	1.24
Increase / (decrease) in other current liabilities	3.46	0.05
Increase/(decrease) in current provisions	12.02	(54.46)
Decrease / (increase) in trade receivables	78.88	(135.90)
Decrease / (increase) in inventories	(87.78)	(80.97)
Decrease / (increase) in other current assets	(9.79)	41.65
Decrease / (increase) in other non current assets	0.01	0.82
<b>Cash generated from / (used in) operations</b>	<b>34.80</b>	<b>30.58</b>
Direct taxes paid (net of refunds)	-	5.31
<b>Net cash flow from / (used in) operating activities (A)</b>	<b>34.80</b>	<b>35.89</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-
Interest income	-	0.01
<b>Net cash flow from / (used in) investing activities (B)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.01</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(10.00)	(52.00)
Interest expense	(9.59)	(10.77)
<b>Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities (C)</b>	<b>(19.59)</b>	<b>(62.77)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A + B + C)</b>	<b>15.21</b>	<b>(26.87)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	15.31	42.18
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>30.52</b>	<b>15.31</b>
<b>Components of cash and cash equivalents</b>		
Cash on hand	0.09	0.16
With banks in current account	30.43	15.15
<b>Total cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>30.52</b>	<b>15.31</b>
<b>Summary of material accounting policies</b>	<b>2.3</b>	

**Notes:**

1. Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the Indirect Method, as set out in Ind AS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows', whereby profit for the year is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2. Ind AS 7 requires the entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes, suggesting inclusion of a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the Balance Sheet for liabilities arising from financing activities, to meet the disclosure requirement. There is no item for which any disclosure is required to be made.

As per our report of even date

**For Kshitij Shah & Associates**

Firm Registration No.0138439W

Chartered Accountants

KSHITIJ  
SHRIPAL  
SHAH

Digitally signed  
by KSHITIJ  
SHRIPAL SHAH

**Kshitij Shah**

Proprietor

Membership Number - 144663

**For AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**

Digitally signed by Ramprakash Vitasai Bubna  
DN: c=IN, o=Personal, postalCode=400050, l=Mumbai, st=Maharashtra, street=Peasant Park, Flat No-501, Plot No-461 Bandra West, Mumbai, Maharashtra India- 400050- Opposite St. Theresa Church, title=5011, 2.5.4.20=20a80ab73c0131779cb792ef508450e1c7e94b1870c4e302a66394ac3795, serialNumber=87a216501324105ac28556619d822c05b496b a692cb34ad031c833a8be60, email=rvb@shardant.com, cn=Ramprakash Vitasai Bubna

**R. V. Bubna**

Director

DIN: 00136568

Digitally signed by Ashish Ramprakash Bubna  
DN: c=IN, o=Personal, postalCode=400050, l=Mumbai, st=Maharashtra, street=Peasant Park, Flat No-501, Plot No-461 Bandra West, Mumbai, Maharashtra India- 400050- Opposite St. Theresa Church, title=454, 2.5.4.20=20a80ab73c0131779cb792ef508450e1c7e94b1870c4e302a66394ac3795, serialNumber=30778a4311a6a27e7050cb0b969c24cb31f179ec511ead05d4ee, email=ashish@shardant.com, cn=Ashish Ramprakash Bubna

**Ashish R. Bubna**

Director

DIN: 00945147

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 26th April, 2024

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 26th April, 2024

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2024****(Ref Note 11A)****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

Particulars	Equity share capital	Reserves & surplus		Other comprehensive income	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company
		Securities premium	Retained earnings	Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability / asset	
<b>As on April 01, 2022</b>	<b>500.00</b>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>(326.80)</b>	<b>17.46</b>	<b>210.66</b>
Profit / (loss) for the period	-	-	124.62	-	124.62
Remeasurement of the defined benefit liability / assets, net of tax effect	-	-	-	1.96	1.96
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>124.62</b>	<b>1.96</b>	<b>126.58</b>
<b>As on March 31, 2023</b>	<b>500.00</b>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>(202.18)</b>	<b>19.42</b>	<b>337.24</b>

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

Particulars	Equity share capital	Reserves & surplus		Other comprehensive income	Total equity attributable to equity holders of the Company
		Securities premium	Retained earnings	Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability / asset	
<b>Balance as on April 01, 2023</b>	<b>500.00</b>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>(202.18)</b>	<b>19.42</b>	<b>337.24</b>
Profit / (loss) for the period	-	-	53.16	-	53.16
Remeasurement of the defined benefit liability / assets, net of tax effect	-	-	-	0.72	0.72
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>53.16</b>	<b>0.72</b>	<b>53.88</b>
<b>Balance as on March 31, 2024</b>	<b>500.00</b>	<b>20.00</b>	<b>(149.02)</b>	<b>20.14</b>	<b>391.12</b>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date  
**For Kshitij Shah & Associates**

Firm Registration No.0138439W

Chartered Accountants

KSHITIJ  
SHRIPAL  
SHAHDigitally signed  
by KSHITIJ  
SHRIPAL SHAH**Kshitij Shah**

Proprietor

Membership Number - 144663

**For AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**Digitally signed by Ramprakash Vilasrai Bubna  
DN: c=IN, o=Personal, postalCode=400050, l=Mumbai,  
st=Maharashtra, street=Pleasant Park, Flat No-501, Plot No-461  
Bandra West, Mumbai, Maharashtra India- 400050-  
Opposite St. Theresa Church, title=5011,  
2.5.4.20=20a80ab733c0131779cb7f92ef508450e1c7e94b1870cde  
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serialNumber=87a216501324105ac28556619d822cc05b4a96ba6  
92dc34a031c833a0e6f60, email=rvb@shardaintl.com,  
cn=Ramprakash Vilasrai Bubna**R. V. Bubna**

Director

DIN: 00136568

Digitally signed by Ashish Ramprakash Bubna  
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2.5.4.20=acc3ae0ae655863f7ad670b9556526cbbab9d3a040bc  
706311ecadb504ee,  
serialNumber=a3c78a44311a429ef050c0b9694c24a3b31f179ec  
511cd9b99c57bd7f6990a, email=accounts@shardaintl.com,  
cn=Ashish Ramprakash Bubna**Ashish R. Bubna**

Director

DIN: 00945147

Place: Mumbai

Date: 26th April, 2024

Place: Mumbai

Date: 26th April, 2024

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

**NOTE 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Axis Crop Science Private Limited ('Company') is a private limited company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The company is engaged in marketing and distribution of agro chemicals, i.e insecticides and pesticides in India.

**NOTE 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

**2.1 - Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) and presentation requirements of division II of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013.

**2.2 - Basis of preparation:**

The financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for derivative financial instruments and certain financial assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair values, the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') (to the extent notified) and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI). The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and relevant amendment rules issued thereafter.

Effective April 1, 2016, the Company has adopted all the Ind AS standards and the adoption was carried out in accordance with Ind AS 101 – First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards, with April 1, 2015 as the transition date. The transition was carried out from Indian Accounting Principles generally accepted in India as prescribed under Sec 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (IGAAP), which was the previous GAAP.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

**2.3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:**

**a) Current versus non-current classification**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current / non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is :

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
  - Held primarily for the purpose of trading
  - Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
  - Cash and Cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.
- All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- It is due to be settled with twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

**b) Foreign currency translation**

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency.

**Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are recognised in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of profit and loss on a net basis within other gains/(losses).

## **AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**

### **Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equity instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equity investments classified as FVOCI are recognised in other comprehensive income.

#### **c) Fair value measurement**

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 -	Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2 -	Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
Level 3 -	Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.

- Disclosures for valuation methods, significant estimates and assumptions (Note 29)
- Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost) (Note 29)

#### **d) Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

##### **Sale of goods:**

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have been passed to the buyer. Revenues from the sale of goods in the ordinary course of business is measured net of returns and discounts.

##### **Interest:**

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the applicable interest rate.

##### **Dividends:**

Dividend income is recognised in profit and loss only when the Company's right to receive dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

However, impact on future revenue streams could come from –

- (a) Inability of customers to continue their business due to financial resource constraints or their services no longer being availed by their customers.

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**

**Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

**e) Taxes**

**Current income tax**

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit and loss is recognised outside profit and loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

**f) Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

The areas involving use of estimates and judgements are:

Estimated useful life of intangible assets

Estimation of defined benefit obligation (gratuity benefits)

Revenue recognition

**g) Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation**

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS, measured as per the previous GAAP and use that as its deemed cost in accordance with the exemption provided under Ind AS 101.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

Depreciation is provided after impairment, if any, using the straight-line method as per the useful lives of the assets estimated by the management, or at rates prescribed under Schedule II of The Companies Act, 2013. The Company has used the following useful lives to provide depreciation on its fixed assets.

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

<b>Asset class</b>	<b>Estimated useful life (years)</b>
Furniture & fixtures	10
Motor car	8
Office equipments	5
Computer	3
Cylinders	15

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised or derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

**h) Intangible assets and amortisation**

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as finite.

Intangible assets are amortised over the useful economic life. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset are reviewed at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life are considered to modify the amortisation period, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

**Computer Software**

Expenses on implementation of Computer Software are amortised on a straight-line basis over a period of four years.

**i) Leases**

The determination of whether an arrangement is (or contains) a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets, even if that right is not explicitly specified in an arrangement.

**Company as a lessee**

The Company accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract and allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Company recognises right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset for the lease term at the lease commencement date. The cost of the right-of-use asset measured at inception shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset or restoring the underlying asset or site on which it is located. The right of use assets is measured at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognised in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole. The lease payments shall include fixed payments, variable lease payments, residual value guarantees, exercise price of a purchase option where the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease. The lease liability is subsequently remeasured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability, reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments. The Company recognises the amount of the re-measurement of lease liability due to modification as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset and statement of profit and loss depending upon the nature of modification. Where the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Company recognises any remaining amount of the re-measurement in statement of profit and loss.

The Company has elected not to apply the requirements of Ind AS 116 Leases to short-term leases of all assets that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**  
**Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

**j) Inventories**

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost includes direct material and direct expenses. Cost is determined on a weighted average basis as per individual location which is done on specific identification of batches. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs necessary to make the sales.

**k) Impairment of non financial assets**

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

An impairment loss is recognised to the extent the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. For assets carried at historical cost, impairment losses are recognised as an expense immediately in profit or loss.

**l) Provision**

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

**m) Contingent liabilities**

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in extremely rare cases where there is a liability that cannot be recognized because it cannot be measured reliably. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.

## **AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**

### **Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

#### **n) Retirement and other employee benefits**

Retirement benefit in the form of provident fund is a defined contribution scheme. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expenditure, when an employee renders the related service.

Gratuity liability is a defined benefit obligation which is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation on projected unit cost method made at the end of each financial year. Actuarial gains / (losses) are recognised directly in other comprehensive income. The Company determines the net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) in respect of a defined benefit by multiplying the net liability (asset) in respect of a defined benefit by the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation as they were determined at the beginning of the annual reporting period.

Accumulated leave is treated as short-term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

#### **o) Financial Instruments**

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

##### **Financial assets**

###### **Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

###### **Subsequent measurement**

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

###### **Debt instruments at amortised cost**

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

###### **Debt instrument at FVTOCI**

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- b) The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI). However, the Company recognizes interest income, impairment losses & reversals and foreign exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss. On derecognition of the asset, cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from the equity to profit and loss. Interest earned whilst holding FVTOCI debt instrument is reported as interest income using the EIR method.

###### **Debt instrument at FVTPL**

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

In addition, the Company may elect to designate a debt instrument, which otherwise meets amortized cost or FVTOCI criteria, as at FVTPL. However, such election is allowed only if doing so reduces or eliminates a measurement or recognition inconsistency (referred to as 'accounting mismatch'). The Company has not designated any debt instrument as at FVTPL.

Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**

**Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

**Financial liabilities**

**Initial recognition and measurement**

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and loans and borrowings.

**Subsequent measurement**

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

**Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit and loss**

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit and loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit and loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains / losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains / loss are not subsequently transferred to profit and loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

**Loans and borrowings**

After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

**Derecognition**

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****Reclassification of financial assets**

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

The following table shows various reclassification and how they are accounted for:

<b>Original classification</b>	<b>Revised classification</b>	<b>Accounting treatment</b>
Amortised cost	FVTPL	Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortised cost and fair value is recognised in profit and loss.
FVTPL	Amortised cost	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new gross carrying amount. EIR is calculated based on the new gross carrying amount.
Amortised cost	FVTOCI	Fair value is measured at reclassification date. Difference between previous amortised cost and fair value is recognised in OCI. No change in EIR due to reclassification.
FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new amortised cost carrying amount. However, cumulative gain or loss in OCI is adjusted against fair value. Consequently, the asset is measured as if it had always been measured at amortised cost.
FVTPL	FVTOCI	Fair value at reclassification date becomes its new carrying amount. No other adjustment is required.
FVTOCI	FVTPL	Assets continue to be measured at fair value. Cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified to P&L at the reclassification date.

**p) Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

**q) Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit after tax for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**

**Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

**Note 3: Property, plant and equipment**

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Computers	Plant and Equipment (Owned)	Total
<b>Gross carrying value:</b>					
At 1st April 2022	0.60	0.73	1.02	5.72	8.07
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
At 31st March 2023	0.60	0.73	1.02	5.72	8.07
<b>Accumulated depreciation:</b>					
At 1st April 2022	0.42	0.73	1.02	5.72	7.88
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge during the year	0.06	-	-	-	0.06
At 31st March 2023	0.47	0.73	1.02	5.72	7.94
<b>Carrying value:</b>					
At 1st April 2022	0.18	0.00	-	0.00	0.18
At 31st March 2023	0.13	0.00	-	0.00	0.13

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Computers	Plant and Equipment (Owned)	Total
<b>Gross carrying value:</b>					
At 1st April 2023	0.60	0.73	1.02	5.72	8.07
Additions	-	-	-	-	-
Deletion	-	0.73	1.02	5.72	7.47
At 31st March 2024	0.60	-	-	-	0.60
<b>Accumulated depreciation:</b>					
At 1st April 2023	0.47	0.73	1.02	5.72	7.94
Deletion	-	0.73	1.02	5.72	7.47
Depreciation charge during the year	0.06	-	-	-	0.06
Impairment	-	-	-	-	-
At 31st March 2024	0.53	0.00	(0.00)	0.00	0.53
<b>Carrying value:</b>					
At 1st April 2023	0.13	(0.00)	-	(0.00)	0.13
At March 31, 2024	0.07	-	-	(0.00)	0.07

**Note 4: Other intangible assets**

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Computer software	Total
<b>Gross carrying value:</b>		
At 1st April 2022	0.60	0.60
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At 31st March 2023	0.60	0.60
<b>Accumulated depreciation:</b>		
At 1st April 2022	0.60	0.60
Disposals	-	-
Amortisation during the year	0.00	0.00
At 31st March 2023	0.60	0.60
<b>Carrying value:</b>		
At 1st April 2022	-	-
At 31st March 2023	-	-

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Computer software	Total
<b>Gross carrying value:</b>		
At 1st April 2023	0.60	0.60
Additions	-	-
Disposals	-	-
At 31st March 2024	0.60	0.60
<b>Accumulated depreciation:</b>		
At 1st April 2023	0.60	0.60
Disposals	-	-
Amortisation during the year	-	-
At 31st March 2024	0.60	0.60
<b>Carrying value:</b>		
At 1st April 2023	-	-
At 31st March 2024	-	-

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 5: Other non current financial assets</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Deposits with maturity of more than 12 months	-	0.15
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.15</b>

Note: Bank deposits had been kept as bank guarantee for VAT / CST Registrations in Madhya Pradesh.

**Note 5: Income taxes****Income tax expenses in the statement of profit and loss comprises****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
<b>Current income tax:</b>		
Current income tax charge	-	-
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous year	-	-
<b>Deferred taxes (expense)/benefit:</b>		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**Income tax (expense)/benefit recognized in OCI**

Deferred tax relating to items recognised in OCI during the year:

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Net (gain)/loss on remeasurement of defined benefit plans	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

**Reconciliation of tax rate and accounting profit multiplied by India's tax rate:****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
<b>Profit / (loss) from operations before income taxes</b>	<b>53.16</b>	<b>119.31</b>
<b>Tax @22% (India's tax rate)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
Effect of deductible temporary differences	-	-
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>

Note: The Company has brought forward losses of previous years to adjust the profits of the current year. Therefore provision for tax has not been done.

**Note 6: Non current tax assets****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
TCS (F.Y.21-22)	-	0.01
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.01</b>

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****Current tax liabilities (net)****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Other provisions</b>		
Provision for Income Tax	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-

**Deferred tax liability (net)****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Deferred tax asset</b>		
Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortization charged for financial reporting	-	-
Others (Provision for gratuity & leave encashment)	-	-
<b>Gross deferred tax asset</b>	-	-
<b>Deferred tax liability</b>		
Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortization charged for financial reporting	-	-
<b>Gross deferred tax liability</b>	-	-
<b>Net deferred tax asset/ (liability)</b>	-	-

Note: Deferred tax asset has not been recognised since there is no reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

**Movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the years ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	Recognized in income statement	As at March 31, 2024
<b>Deferred tax asset/ (liability)</b>			
Others (Provision for gratuity & leave encashment)	-	-	-
Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortization charged for financial reporting	-	-	-
<b>Net deferred tax asset/ (liability)</b>	-	-	-

**Movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the years ended March 31, 2022 and March 31, 2023****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	Recognized in income statement	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Deferred tax asset/ (liability)</b>			
Others (Provision for gratuity & leave encashment)	-	-	-
Fixed assets: Impact of difference between tax depreciation and depreciation/amortization charged for financial reporting	-	-	-
<b>Net deferred tax asset/ (liability)</b>	-	-	-

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 7: Inventories</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Traded Goods	310.06	222.29
<b>Total</b>	<b>310.06</b>	<b>222.29</b>

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 8: Trade receivables</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Related parties		
Others	1,116.53	1,252.57
Less: Provision for Bad debts, TOD & Cash discount	580.39	633.20
<b>Total</b>	<b>536.14</b>	<b>619.37</b>

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 8.1: Break-up for security details</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
<b>Trade receivables</b>		
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured, considered good	536.14	619.37
<b>Total</b>	<b>536.14</b>	<b>619.37</b>

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 9: Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Balances with banks:		
-Current account	30.43	15.15
Cash on hand	0.09	0.16
	<b>30.52</b>	<b>15.31</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>30.52</b>	<b>15.31</b>

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 10: Other current assets</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Prepaid expenses	0.39	0.38
Advance to suppliers	0.82	0.96
COGS Reversal Impact as per IND AS	14.13	4.16
Balance with Govt Authorities	1.01	1.95
Security deposits For godown	0.89	-
Imprest to Staff	0.95	0.95
<b>Total</b>	<b>18.19</b>	<b>8.40</b>

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Note 11: Equity share capital	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Authorised shares</b> 50,00,000 (Previous year: 50,00,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	500.00	500.00
<b>Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares</b> 50,00,000 (Previous year: 50,00,000) Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	500.00	500.00
<b>Total issued, subscribed and fully paid-up share capital</b>	<b>500.00</b>	<b>500.00</b>

**(a) Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:**

Equity shares	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No. of shares	Rs.	No. of shares	Rs.
At the beginning of the year	5,000,000	500	5,000,000	500
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
<b>Outstanding at the end of the year</b>	<b>5,000,000</b>	<b>500</b>	<b>5,000,000</b>	<b>500</b>

**(b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares:**

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The Company has not declared dividend since inception.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to number of equity shares held by

**(c) List of share holders holding more than 5% equity shares in the company:**

Names	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	No. of shares	%	No. of shares	%
M/s. Sharda Cropchem Ltd.	5,000,000	100.00	5,000,000	100.00

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

**(d) Shareholding of Promoters:****Shares held by Promoters as on 31st March, 2024**

Promoter's Name	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
M/s. Sharda Cropchem Ltd.	5,000,000	100.00	-

**Shares held by Promoters as on 31st March, 2023**

Promoter's Name	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
M/s. Sharda Cropchem Ltd.	5,000,000	100.00	-

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 12: Borrowings</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
From director	-	
From holding company	210.00	220.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>210.00</b>	<b>220.00</b>

**Note 12.1:** The above loans are repayable on demand and carry an interest rate of 4.50% p.a.

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 13: Provisions</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
<b>Non current:</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
-Gratuity (Refer note 27)	21.25	20.99
<b>Total</b>	<b>21.25</b>	<b>20.99</b>
<b>Current:</b>		
Provision for employee benefits		
-Gratuity (Refer note 27)	7.49	5.31
Provision for Leave Encashment	0.25	0.36
Sales Return impact as per IND AS	19.38	5.60
<b>Total</b>	<b>27.12</b>	<b>11.27</b>

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 14: Trade payables</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
<b>Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises *</b>	0.25	84.77
<b>Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises *</b>		
Others	202.52	154.74
<b>Total</b>	<b>202.77</b>	<b>239.51</b>

\* The Company has received intimation from suppliers regarding their status under "The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" based on which disclosure as required under the Act has been made.

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 15: Other financial liabilities</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
-Salary & bonus payable	22.07	19.46
<b>Total</b>	<b>22.07</b>	<b>19.46</b>

**(Amt. in Lakhs)**

<b>Note 16: Other current liabilities</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Statutory Dues		
-Duties & Taxes	3.27	3.18
-Advances from customers	0.93	0.85
-Deposits from customers	9.00	7.90
-Staff Expense	7.45	5.26
<b>Total</b>	<b>20.65</b>	<b>17.19</b>

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

(Amt. in Lakhs)

<b>Note 17: Revenue from operations</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Revenue from operations (net)	851.90	1,056.81
<b>Total</b>	<b>851.90</b>	<b>1,056.81</b>

(Amt. in Lakhs)

<b>Note 18: Other income</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
<b>Other Operating Revenue</b>		
Liabilities/ provisions no longer required written back	29.70	33.60
Legal Reimbursement Charges	0.84	5.43
<b>Interest income</b>		
-On fixed deposits	-	0.01
Interest on Income Tax Refund (FY 2019-20)	-	0.53
<b>Total</b>	<b>30.54</b>	<b>39.57</b>

(Amt. in Lakhs)

<b>Note 19: Change in inventories of traded goods</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>	<b>(Increase) /decrease</b>
<b>Inventories at the end of the year:</b>			
-Traded goods	310.06	222.29	(87.77)
<b>A</b>	<b>310.06</b>	<b>222.29</b>	<b>(87.77)</b>
<b>Inventories at the beginning of the year:</b>			
-Traded goods	222.29	141.32	(80.96)
<b>B</b>	<b>222.29</b>	<b>141.32</b>	<b>(80.96)</b>
<b>(B - A)</b>	<b>(87.77)</b>	<b>(80.96)</b>	

(Amt. in Lakhs)

<b>Note 20: Employees benefit expense</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Salaries, wages and bonus	115.44	108.19
Provident Fund	0.01	0.01
Gratuity (Refer note 26 )	4.81	4.55
Staff welfare expenses	4.90	5.65
<b>Total</b>	<b>125.16</b>	<b>118.40</b>

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024**

(Amt. in Lakhs)

<b>Note 21: Finance costs</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Interest paid to others	9.59	10.77
<b>Total</b>	<b>9.59</b>	<b>10.77</b>

(Amt. in Lakhs)

<b>Note 22: Depreciation and amortization expense</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Depreciation -On tangible assets	0.06	0.06
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>0.06</b>

(Amt. in Lakhs)

<b>Note 23: Other Expenses</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
Bad debts	4.36	12.46
Freight and forwarding charges	20.03	19.01
Rent, rates and taxes	2.21	1.38
Insurance	0.50	0.54
Advertisement & Sales promotion expenses	5.28	5.07
Travelling and conveyance	22.54	24.35
Communication costs	1.34	1.52
Office expenses	1.34	1.17
Legal and professional fees	3.86	6.23
Repairs & Maintenance	0.60	0.68
Auditors remuneration (Refer note 23.1)	1.25	1.25
Bank charges	0.04	0.05
Commission on collection	1.01	2.77
Misc expenses	0.48	1.30
<b>Total</b>	<b>64.84</b>	<b>77.78</b>

(Amt. in Lakhs)

<b>Note 23.1: Auditors Remuneration</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
As auditors		
-Statutory audit fees	1.00	1.00
-Tax audit fees	0.25	0.25
<b>Total</b>	<b>1.25</b>	<b>1.25</b>

(Amt. in Lakhs)

<b>Note 24: Earning per share (EPS)</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>As at March 31, 2023</b>
<b>Basic and diluted earning per share:</b>		
Profit after taxation as per statement of profit and loss (A)	53.16	124.62
Weighted average number of equity share outstanding (B)	50.00	50.00
Basic and diluted earning per share (A)/(B)	1.06	2.49
Nominal value of equity share (in Rupees)	10.00	10.00

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****Note 25: Disclosures required to be given under IND AS 115 Revenue from Contracts with Customers**

A) The company is engaged in the business of dealing in agrochemical products in India. Revenue from Sale of goods is recognized when control of the goods have been passed to the buyer. Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at amount of consideration which an entity expects

B) Reconciliation of revenue recognised from Contract liability:

Particulars	(Amt. in Lakhs)	
	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023
Opening Contract liability	0.85	0.23
Less: Recognised as revenue during the year	(0.85)	(0.23)
Add: Addition to contract liability during the year	0.93	0.85
Add: Other Adjustments		
<b>Closing Contract Liability</b>	<b>0.93</b>	<b>0.85</b>

C) Reconciliation of revenue recognised as per contract price and recognised in statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	(Amt. in Lakhs)	
	Year Ended March 31, 2024	Year Ended March 31, 2023
Revenue from contract with customers as per Contract price	1,084.90	1,192.58
Less: Discounts & Incentives	(57.07)	(79.44)
Less: Sales Returns/Credits/Reversals	(175.93)	(56.33)
<b>Revenue from contract with customers as per Statement of Profit &amp; Loss</b>	<b>851.90</b>	<b>1,056.81</b>

D) Disaggregation of revenue from contract with customers

Particulars	(Amt. in Lakhs)				
	Revenue from Contract with customers (Ind AS 115)	Revenue from Operation from other than customers	Total Revenue from Operation	Other Income	Total Income
Year ended March 31, 2024					
Agrochemicals	851.90	-	851.90	-	851.90
Other Income - Unallocated	-	-	-	30.54	30.54
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>851.90</b>	<b>30.54</b>	<b>882.44</b>

Particulars	(Amt. in Lakhs)				
	Revenue from Contract with customers (Ind AS 115)	Revenue from Operation from other than customers	Total Revenue from Operation	Other Income	Total Income
Year ended March 31, 2023					
Agrochemicals	1,056.81	-	1,056.81	-	1,056.81
Other Income - Unallocated	-	-	-	39.57	39.57
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,056.81</b>	<b>39.57</b>	<b>1,096.38</b>

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****Note 26: Employee benefits**

The company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. Every employee who has completed five years or more of service is eligible for gratuity on retirement calculated at 15 days of last drawn salary for each completed year of service.

The following table set out the funded status of the gratuity plans and the amount recognised in the company's financial statements as at March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023:

Particulars	(Amt. in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Change in benefit obligations</b>		
Benefit obligations at the beginning	26.30	24.27
Current Service cost	3.07	3.04
Net interest expense	1.75	1.51
Remeasurements - Actuarial (gains)/ losses	(0.72)	(1.96)
Benefits paid	(1.65)	(0.56)
<b>Benefit obligations at the end</b>	<b>28.75</b>	<b>26.30</b>

**Amounts recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss under employee benefit expenses**

Particulars	(Amt. in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Service cost	3.07	3.04
Net Interest on defined benefit liability/ asset	1.75	1.51
<b>Net gratuity cost</b>	<b>4.81</b>	<b>4.55</b>

**Amounts recognised in Statement of other comprehensive income**

Particulars	(Amt. in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability / (asset)</b>		
Actuarial (gains) / losses	0.72	(1.96)
(Return)/ loss on plan assets excluding amounts included in the net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)		

**The principal actuarial assumptions as at the Balance Sheet date:**

Particulars	(Amt. in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Mortality table	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult.	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ult.
Discount rate	7.20%	7.40%
Expected rate of salary increase	7.00%	7.00%
Expected rate of return on asset	N.A.	N.A.
Withdrawal rate	10% at younger age reducing to 2% at older age	10% at younger age reducing to 2% at older age

The estimates of future salary increase, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

**Sensitivity analysis**

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below:

Particulars	31-Mar-24		31-Mar-23	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
Discount rate	27.92	29.61	25.44	27.22
Future salary increase	29.51	28.00	27.09	25.53
Attrition rate	28.78	29.00	26.35	26.24

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****Note 27: Related party transactions****A) List of related parties:**

i) Name of holding company	Place of business/ country of incorporation	Ownership interests	
		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Sharda Cropchem Limited	India	100%	100%

  

ii) Key management personnel & relatives	Designation
Mr. Ramprakash V. Bubna	Director
Mr. Ashish R. Bubna	Director
Mr. Manish R. Bubna	Director
Ms. Shweta Parmar (Upto 02 Jan -24)	Company Secretary

**B) Transactions with related parties:**

i) With parent:	(Amt. in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Particulars</b>		
<b>Loan repaid to:</b>		
Sharda Cropchem Limited	10.00	52.00
<b>Interest repaid to:</b>		
Sharda Cropchem Limited	9.59	10.77
<b>Interest expense / accrual:</b>		
Sharda Cropchem Limited	9.59	10.77

\* Loans were taken in accordance with the term and conditions of the loan agreement and carries an interest rate of 4.5% per annum each and is repayable on demand.

**ii) Key management personnel compensation:**

Particulars	(Amt. in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Short-term employee benefits	-	-
Post-employment benefits	-	-
Long-term employee benefits	-	-
Termination benefits	-	-
Employee share-based payments	-	-

iii) With KMP of the entity or its parent:

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel</b>		
Mrs. Manali Gohil	-	5.54
Ms.Shweta Parmar	4.57	1.82

C) Balance payable to / from:

(Amt. in Lakhs)

i) Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
<b>Loan from Sharda Cropchem Limited:</b>		
Beginning of the year	220.00	272.00
Loans received	-	-
Loans repaid	(10.00)	(52.00)
Interest charged (Net off TDS, Gross amount Rs.9.59 lacs (31st March, 2023: Rs.10.77. lacs))	8.63	9.69
Interest paid	(8.63)	(9.69)
<b>End of the year</b>	<b>210.00</b>	<b>220.00</b>

D) Rate of Interest

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Sharda Cropchem Limited	4.5%	4.5%

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****Note 28: Fair value measurements**

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair level hierarchy:

As at March 31, 2024

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Date of valuation	Carrying amount			Fair value			
		FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair value
<b>Financial assets</b>								
<b>Financial assets not measured at fair value:</b>								
Other financial assets	31-Mar-24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total financial assets</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Financial liabilities</b>								
<b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value:</b>								
Borrowings	31-Mar-24	-	-	210.00	-	-	210.00	210.00
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>		-	-	<b>210.00</b>	-	-	<b>210.00</b>	<b>210.00</b>

As at March 31, 2023

(Amt. in Lakhs)

Particulars	Date of Valuation	Carrying Amount			Fair value			
		FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
<b>Financial assets</b>								
<b>Financial assets not measured at fair value:</b>								
Other financial assets	31-Mar-23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Total financial assets</b>		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Financial liabilities</b>								
<b>Financial liabilities not measured at fair value:</b>								
Borrowings	31-Mar-23	-	-	220.00	-	-	220.00	220.00
<b>Total financial liabilities</b>		-	-	<b>220.00</b>	-	-	<b>220.00</b>	<b>220.00</b>

The management assessed that cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables and other current liabilities approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

**Level 1:** Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price. The fair value of all equity instruments (including bonds) which are traded in the stock exchanges is valued using the closing price as at the reporting period. The mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV.

**Level 2:** The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

**Level 3:** If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities, contingent consideration and indemnification asset included in level 3.

**Valuation technique used to determine fair value:-**

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 fair values for financial instruments at fair value in the balance sheet.

Type	Valuation Technique
Investment in Mutual Funds	The fair value is determined based on NAV as on the reporting date provided by respective Asset Management Companies.
Foreign Currency Forward Contracts	The fair value is determined using quoted forward exchange rates at the reporting date.
Loans	Fair value is derived based on Discounted cash flows. The valuation model considers the present value of expected payment, discounting using a risk adjusted discount rate.

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****Note 29: Financial risk management**

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristic of each customer.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by the counter party resulting in a financial loss. The maximum exposure to the credit risk at the reporting date is primarily from trade receivables amounting to Rs 536.14/- Lakhs and Rs.619.37/- Lakhs as of March 31, 2024 & March 31,2023 respectively. Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers. Credit risk has always been managed by the Company through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

**Trade receivables**

The Company has established credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for credit worthiness before Company's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Company review external ratings, if they are available, financial statements, credit agency information, industry information and in some cases bank references.

The following table represents ageing of trade receivables March 31, 2024:

Particulars	More than 6 months	Less than 6 months	Total
Trade Receivables	40.02	496.12	536.14

The following table represents ageing of trade receivables March 31, 2023:

Particulars	More than 6 months	Less than 6 months	Total
Trade Receivables	15.01	604.37	619.37

Some of the trade receivables are considered Doubtful & hence written off Rs.4.36/- Lakhs, during year ended March 31, 2024.

Some of the trade receivables are considered Doubtful & hence written off Rs.12.46/- Lakhs during year ended March 31, 2023.

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as we generally invest in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

**Trade Receivable ageing Schedule March -24**

Particulars	Outstanding for followings periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not Yet Due	Less than 6 Months	6 months -1Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	297.74	198.37	26.17	13.85	-	536.14
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed Trade Receivable-Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Trade Receivable ageing Schedule March -23**

Particulars	Outstanding for followings periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not Yet Due	Less than 6 Months	6 months -1Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	341.61	262.76	3.36	11.34	0.30	619.37
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-
iv) Disputed Trade Receivable-Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-
vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Note:** Provision for Trade Discount and Cash Discount has been reduced from the balance of Trade Receivable. Accordingly, the figures of provisions of Trade Discount and Cash Discount has been reduced from the undisputed parties not yet due column of the ageing report for better clarification.

**Liquidity risk**

The liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another. The company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents and the cash flow that is generated from operations. The company has long term borrowings of Rs. 210/- Lakhs and Rs. 220/- Lakhs as at March 31,2024 & March 31,2023 respectively. The Company believes that the working capital is sufficient to meet its current requirements. Accordingly, no liquidity risk is perceived.

As of March 31,2024, the Company had a working capital of Rs. 622.30/- Lakhs including cash and cash equivalents of Rs. 30.52/- Lakhs. As of March 31,2023, the Company had a working capital of Rs. 577.95/- Lakhs including cash and cash equivalents of Rs. 15.31/- Lakhs.

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as of March 31, 2024:

Particulars	Upto 1 year	1-2 years	2-4 years	Total
Borrowings	-	-	210.00	210.00
Trade Payables	202.77	-	-	202.77
Other financial liabilities	22.07	-	-	22.07

The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of significant financial liabilities as of March 31, 2023:

Particulars	Upto 1 year	1-2 years	2-4 years	Total
Borrowings	-	-	272.00	272.00
Trade Payables	239.51	-	-	239.51
Other financial liabilities	19.46	-	-	19.46

**Trade Payables aging schedule as of March 31,2024**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not Yet Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More Than 3 Year	
(i) MSME	0.25	-	-	-	-	0.25
(ii) Others	73.53	127.12	-	-	-	200.65
(iii) Disputed Dues MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

**Trade Payables aging schedule as of March 31,2023**

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
	Not Yet Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Year	2-3 Year	More Than 3 Year	
(i) MSME	1.20	83.57	-	-	-	84.77
(ii) Others	86.67	65.20	-	-	-	151.87
(iii) Disputed Dues MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues-Others	-	-	-	-	-	-

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**

**Note-30 Ratio for the year ended March 31, 2024**

Sr.No.	Particulars	Numerator CY.	Denominator CY.	As at 2024	Numerator PY.	Denominator PY.	As at 2023	% Variance	Reason for Variance
1	Current Ratio :	894.91	272.61	3.28	865.37	287.43	3.01	9.03	
2	Debt-Equity Ratio:	210.00	391.12	0.54	220.00	337.24	0.65	(17.70)	
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio:	62.81	19.59	3.21	135.45	62.77	2.16	48.59	The ratio has increased due to reduction in repayment of debt as compared to last year.
4	Return on Equity (ROE):	53.16	364.18	0.15	124.62	273.92	0.45	(67.91)	The ratio has decreased during the year, due to decrease in net profit of the company as compared to the last year.
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio:	851.90	266.17	3.20	1,056.81	181.80	5.81	(44.94)	The inventory turnover ratio has decreased due to decrease in sales of the company during the year as compared to the last year
6	Trade receivables turnover ratio:	851.90	577.76	1.47	1,056.81	557.65	1.90	(22.19)	
7	Trade payables turnover ratio	851.90	221.14	3.85	1,056.81	182.57	5.79	(33.45)	The ratio has decreased due to reduction in sales and simultaneously there is an increase in the trade payables during the year.
8	Net capital turnover ratio	851.90	622.30	1.37	1,056.81	577.94	1.83	(25.14)	The ratio has decreased due to decrease in sales of the company during the year as compared to the last year
9	Net profit ratio	53.16	851.90	0.06	124.62	1,056.81	0.12	(47.08)	The ratio has decreased due to decrease in profits during the year.
10	Return on capital employed (ROCE)	62.75	601.12	0.10	130.08	557.24	0.23	(55.28)	The ratio has decreased due to decrease in net profit which led to reduction in the return on the capital employed.

**AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED****Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024****Note 31: Segment Reporting**

The company has determined that it operates in a single line of business viz. agrochemicals trading and also in a single geographic environment i.e. within India. Therefore the information required by the Accounting standard 17 on segment reporting is not applicable to the company.

**Note 32: Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006:**

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2024</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2023</b>
The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of accounting year included in trade payables	0.25	8.09
The interest due on above	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.25</b>	<b>8.09</b>
i) the amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the Act	-	-
ii) the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the accounting year	-	-
iii) the amounts of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of financial year	-	0.19
iv) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the due date during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act.	-	-
v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>0.19</b>

**Note 33:** The Company has not traded or invested in cryptocurrency or virtual currency during the reporting period.

**Note 34:** There are no proceedings initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under.

**Note 35:** The company has not been declared as a wilful defaulter by any bank or Financial Institutions or consortium thereof in

**Note 36:** The company has not entered into any transactions with companies which are Struck-off under section 248 of the companies Act, 2013.

**Note 37:** The company has neither advanced, loaned or invested funds nor received any fund to/from any person or entity for lending or investing or providing guarantee to/on behalf of the ultimate beneficiary during the reporting periods.

**Note 38:** The Ministry of corporate Affair (MCA) has issued a notification ( Companies (Account) Amendment Rules , 2021) which is effective from 1st April 2023, states that every company which uses accounting software for maintaining it books of account shall use only the accounting software where there is a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, and further creating an edit log of each change made to books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The company uses Tally Prime (Edit Log) gold as primary accounting software for maintaining books of account, which has a feature of recording audit trail edit log facility that has been operative throughout the financial year for the transaction recorded in the software impacting books of account at application level

**Note 39: Previous year figures:**

The Company has regrouped/reclassified previous year figures to confirm with current year's classification.

As per our report of even date  
**For Kshitij Shah & Associates**  
Firm Registration No.0138439W  
Chartered Accountants

KSHITIJ  
SHRIPAL  
SHAH

Digitally signed  
by KSHITIJ  
SHRIPAL SHAH

**Kshitij Shah**  
Proprietor  
Membership Number - 144663

**For AXIS CROP SCIENCE PRIVATE LIMITED**

Digitally signed by Ramprakash Vilasraji Bubna  
DN: c=IN, o=Personal, postalCode=400050, l=Mumbai,  
st=Maharashtra, street=Pleasant Park, Flat No-501, Plot No-461  
Bandra West, Mumbai, Mumbai Maharashtra India- 400050-  
Opposite St. Theresa Church, title=5011,  
2.5.4.20=20a80ab733c0131779cb7f92ef508450e1c7e94b1870cde3  
92de86394aec3795,  
serialNumber=87a216501324105ac28556619d822cc05b4a96ba69  
2c8c34ad031c833a6b6ef60, email=rvb@shardaintl.com,  
cn=Ramprakash Vilasraji Bubna

**R. V. Bubna**  
Director  
DIN: 00136568

Digitally signed by Ashish Ramprakash Bubna  
DN: c=IN, o=Personal, postalCode=400050, l=Mumbai,  
st=Maharashtra, street=Pleasant Park, Flat No-501, Plot  
No-461 Bandra West, Mumbai, Mumbai Maharashtra India-  
400050- Opposite St. Theresa Church, title=454,  
2.5.4.20=acc3ae0a0e655863f17ad67d0b9556526cbbab9d  
3a040bc7f06311ecadb5d4ee,  
serialNumber=a3c78a44311a4a29ef050c0bb9694c24a3b3  
1f179ec511cd9b99c37bd7f6990a,  
email=accounts@shardaintl.com, cn=Ashish Ramprakash  
Bubna

**Ashish R. Bubna**  
Director  
DIN: 00945147

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 26th April, 2024

Place: Mumbai  
Date: 26th April, 2024